Century Federal COMMON FEATURES

Bylaw requirements:

You must complete payment of one share in your Share account as a condition of admission to membership.

Transaction limitation - We reserve the right to at any time require not less than seven days' notice in writing before each withdrawal from an interest-bearing account other than a time deposit or demand deposit, or from any other savings account as defined by Regulation D. Member conduct - In the event any member of the credit union shall cause a loss to the credit union or shall engage in any type of abusive conduct, the president or his/her designee is authorized to impose any or all of the following sanctions on the member:

- 1. Denial of all services other than the right to maintain a share account and the right to vote at annual/special meetings. The share account may be a non-dividend bearing account.
- 2. Denial of services which involve personal contact with credit union employees.
- 3. Denial of access to credit union premises.
- 4. Any other action deemed necessary under the circumstances that is not expressly precluded by regulatory authority.

 Nature of dividends - Dividends are paid from current income and available earnings, after required transfers to reserves at

the end of a dividend period. National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund -Member accounts in this credit union are federally insured by the National Credit

Union Share Insurance Fund. Overdraft Fee Transaction Categories - The categories of transactions for which an overdraft fee may be imposed are those by

any of the following means: share draft, in-person withdrawal, ATM withdrawal, or other electronic means.

Fees - Please refer to our separate rate and fee schedule for additional information about the disclosed accounts.

Understanding Your Account Balance for Overdrafts -

· Your checking account has two kinds of balances: the "actual" balance and the "available" balance. You can review both balances when you review your account online, at an ATM, by phone or at a branch. We use your available balance when determining whether a transaction will cause your account to overdraw and for charging overdraft fees.

Your **Actual Balance** is the amount of money that is actually in your account at any given time. Your actual balance reflects transactions that have "posted" to your account but it does not include transactions that have authorized and are pending. While it may seem that the actual balance is the most up-to-date display of funds that you can spend from your account, this is not always the case. Your account may have purchases, holds, fees, other charges, or deposits made on your account that have not vet posted and. therefore, will not appear in your actual balance. Your Available Balance is the amount of money in your account that is available to you without incurring an overdraft fee. Your available balance takes into account holds that have been placed on deposits and pending transactions (such as pending debit card transactions) that we have authorized but that have not yet posted to your

MONITORING AND RECORDING TELEPHONE CALLS AND CONSENT TO

RECEIVE COMMUNICATIONS - We may monitor or record phone calls for security reasons, to maintain a record and to ensure that you receive courteous and efficient service. You consent in advance to any such recording. We need not remind you of our recording before each phone conversation. To provide you with the best possible service in our ongoing business relationship for your account we may need to contact you about your account from time to time by telephone, text messaging or email. However, we must first obtain your consent to contact you about your account because we must comply with the consumer protection provisions in the federal Telephone Consumer Protection Act of 1991 (TCPA), CAN-SPAM Act and their related federal regulations and orders issued by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC). · Your consent is limited to this account, and as

- authorized by applicable law and regulations.
- Your consent does not authorize us to contact you for telemarketing purposes (unless you otherwise agreed elsewhere). With the above understandings, you authorize us to contact you regarding this account throughout its existence using any telephone numbers or email addresses that you have previously provided to us or that you may subsequently provide to us. This consent is regardless of whether the number we use to contact you is assigned to a landline, a paging service, a cellular wireless service, a specialized mobile radio service, other radio common carrier service or any other service for which you may

be charged for the call. You further authorize us to contact you through the use of voice, voice mail and text messaging, including the use of pre-recorded or artificial voice messages and an automated dialing device. If necessary, you may change or remove any of the telephone numbers or email addresses at any time using any reasonable means to notify us.

SUBSTITUTE CHECKS AND YOUR RIGHTS What is a substitute check?

To make check processing faster, federal law permits banks to replace original checks with "substitute checks." These checks are similar in size to original checks with a slightly reduced image of the front and back of the original check. The front of a substitute check states: "This is a legal copy of your check. You can use it the same way you would use the original check." You may use a substitute check as proof of payment just like the original check. Some or all of the checks that you receive back from us may be substitute checks. This notice describes rights you have when you receive substitute checks from us. The rights in this notice do not apply to original checks or to electronic debits to your account. However, you have rights under other law with respect to those transactions.

What are my rights regarding substitute checks? In certain cases, federal law provides a special procedure that allows you to request a refund for losses you suffer if a substitute check is posted to your account (for example, if you think that we withdrew the wrong amount from your account or that we withdrew money from your account more than once for the same check). The losses you may attempt to recover under this procedure may include the amount that was withdrawn from your account and fees that were charged as a result of the withdrawal (for example, NSF fees). The amount of your refund under this procedure is limited to the amount of your loss or the amount of the substitute check, whichever is less. You also are entitled to interest on the amount of your refund if your account is an interest-bearing account. If your loss exceeds the amount of the substitute check, you may be able to recover additional amounts under other law. If you use this procedure, you may receive a refund of up to \$2,500 or the amount of the substitute check, whichever is less, (plus interest if your account earns interest) within 10 business days after we received your claim and the remainder of your refund (plus interest if your account earns interest) not later than 45 calendar days after we received your claim. We may reverse the refund (including any interest on the refund) if we later are able to demonstrate that the substitute check was correctly posted to

How do I make a claim for a refund?
If you believe that you have suffered a loss relating to a substitute check that you received and that was posted to your account, please contact us at: Century Federal Credit Union,

your account.

Attention: Operations Department, 28251 Lorain Road, North Olmsted, Ohio 44070. You must contact us within 40 calendar days of the date that we mailed (or otherwise delivered by a means to which you agreed) the substitute check in question or the account statement showing that the substitute check was posted to your account, whichever is later. We will extend this time period if you were not able to make a timely claim because of extraordinary circumstances.

Your claim must include -

A description of why you have suffered a loss (for example, you think the amount withdrawn was incorrect);

An estimate of the amount of your loss; An explanation of why the substitute check you received is insufficient to confirm that you suffered a loss; and A copy of the substitute check or the following information to help us identify the substitute check: the check number, the name of the person to whom you wrote the check and the amount of the check